# Flexible hierarchical organisation of role based agents

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#### Plan

# Background : bring MAS into human organization

## Proposition of a holomas using roles

- Elements of formalisation
- Architecture

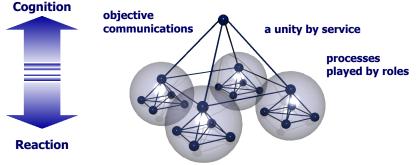
# 3 Dynamics in holonic multiagent organisation

- Dynamic of roles
- Robustness
- Growth
- Implementation
- 5 Application
- 6 Perspectives and Conclusion
  - Perspectives
  - Conclusion

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# Application/Social Context



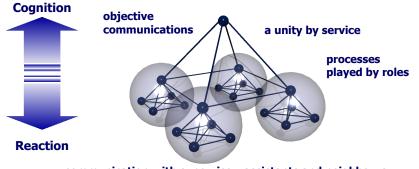
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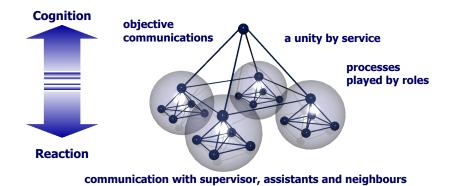


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- Administrative systems as Holonic organizations



# Proposition of a holomas using roles

## Roles

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		activity, the strategic selection of the actual step among
		permissible choices is guided by the contingencies of the environment."
	mechanism.4 :	"Holons on successively higher levels of the hierarchy show
		increasingly complex, more flexible and less predictable patterns of
		activity, while on successive lower levels we find increasingly

mechanised, stereotyped and predictable pattern."

# Rules formalisation

#### Rules

• we define a rule as a set of behaviours :

$$R = (name_{R}, priority_{R}, tasks_{R})$$
$$tasks_{R} = \left\{t_{0}^{R}, \dots, t_{nt}^{R}\right\}$$
$$nt = number of tasks$$

# Roles formalisation

- We define a Role as a set of essential rules and a set of secondary rules
- A searcher has to publish (a lot of) articles. To help the laboratory, he/she can manage the library, the projects, the phd students .....

$$role = \left( \begin{array}{c} name, priority, KP, KE, KS, \\ hardRules, flexibleRules \end{array} 
ight)$$

- KP : Pre-requirement, consequences, weight,
- KE : Environmental Knowledge (data)
- KS : Social Knowledge (roles names and constraints)
  - For example : a speaker has to respect the time-limit fixed by the chair-man

# Agents formalisation

## Agents

Holonic Agents : Our holonic agents are defined as follow :

$$agent_a = \begin{pmatrix} KP, KE, KS, HRA, messages_a, \\ perception_a, rules_a, roles_a \end{pmatrix}$$

- $\mathsf{KP} : (Personal \ knowledge) = \{name; current \ state; individual \ goals(GI)\}$
- KE : (Environmental knowledge) = partial representations of objects of the environment.
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- HRA : (Holonic Roles Agent) = Agent that manages roles of the system.

# MAS formalisation

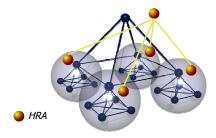
#### MAS

Mas and agent definition : MAS is simply defined as a set of agents. Environment definition :  $E = \{object_0, object_1, ..., object_n\}$ World definition : world = (environment, mas)

#### Architecture

# General architecture of our Holonic IMAS

## Architecture

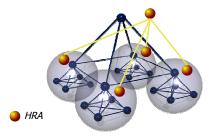


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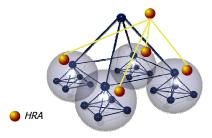


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- Each of our Holomas is assisted by a HRA that manages the roles
- A HRA could be a set of HRA distributed around the Holomas



# Dynamic of roles

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## Dynamic of roles

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- A secondary rule can become a hard rule if all agents always choose it.

#### Robustness

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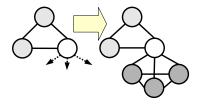
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  - problem : loss of the data used during the breakdown

# Growth in holonic multi-agent organisation

#### Growth when overload

• Downward Growth : The agent creates assistants and delegates some of its tasks to them.

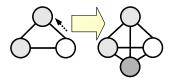


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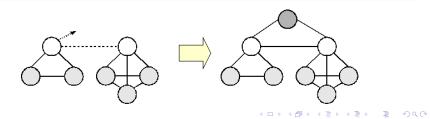


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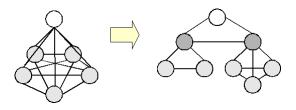


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- Internal Growth : A HoloMAS agent creates internal coordinators.



### Well-balanced growth

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- Note : Use of the ContractNet protocol
- Note : if  $a_1$  is the assistant of  $a_0$ ,

 $\textit{mwt}_{a_1} = \alpha \times \textit{mwt}_{a_0} \text{ with } (\alpha \in ]0,1[)$ 

#### Growth

# Well-balanced growth

#### Well-balanced growth

```
procedure HANDLECFP(ACLMessage cfp)
   loadAsked \leftarrow cfp.getContent()
   maxAssistantLoad \leftarrow \alpha \times mwt
   wla \leftarrow mwt - holonCurrentl oad
   if (wla - loadAsked) >= 0 \lor ((maxAssistantLoad - loadAsked) >= 0 \land
\neg holon.isLeaf())) then
       if (wla - loadAsked) > 0 then
           RETURN(wla, gwl)
       else
           RETURN(maxAssistantLoad, gwl)
       end if
   else
       RETURN(Refuse)
   end if
end procedure
```

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### Implementation of our architecture

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ContractNetService : linked temporarily to the potential responders of the ContractNet protocol.

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### Well balanced growth : Example 1

### Example 1 of well-balanced growth

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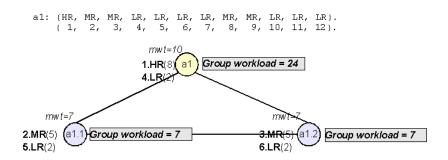
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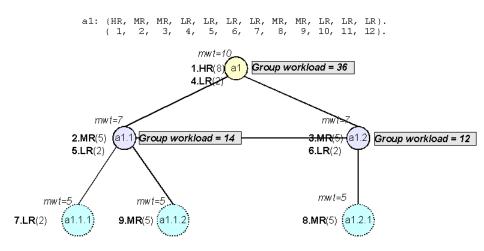
 scenario = add the roles {HR, MR, MR, LR, LR, LR, LR, MR, MR, LR, LR, LR} to a1



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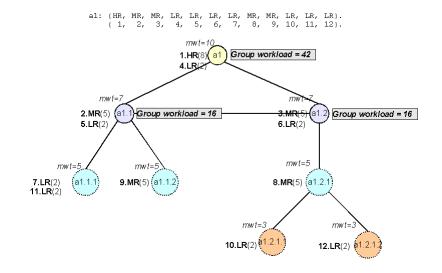


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### Well balanced growth : Example 1



### Well balanced growth - Example 2

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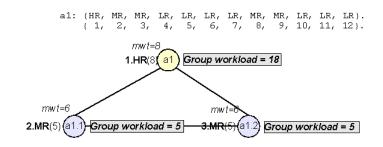
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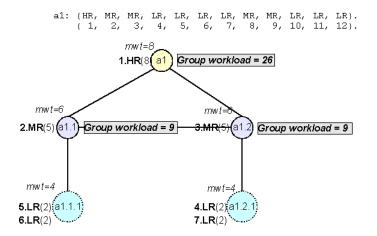
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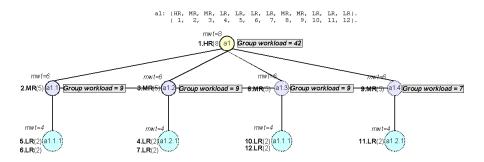
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Implementation

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## Implementation of an application

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- Currently : Turn to a OWL-S representation of roles and the HoloMAS

### Applications

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### Method

Analysis and modelling of the human organization

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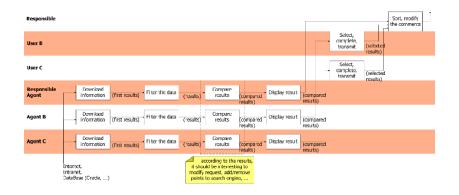
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### Method

- Analysis and modelling of the human organization
- Improvement of the human organization based on the models
- Oesign of a MAS based on holonic principles and modeled on the human organization

## Example on a case study : Information MultiAgent System Modeling the human activities



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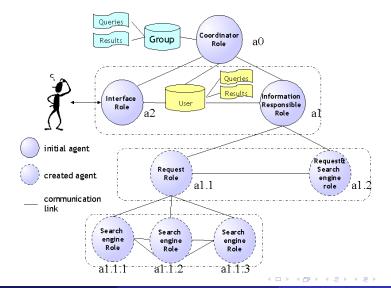
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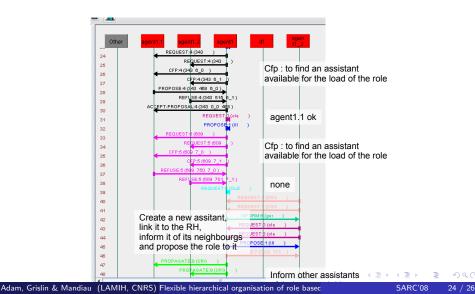
## Example on a case study : Information MultiAgent System Architecture of the proposed Holonic IMAS



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## Example on a case study : Information MultiAgent System Exchanged messages during a delegation



# Perspectives : self-\* capacities

### Perspectives

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## Perspectives : self-\* capacities

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  - Perspective : automatic detection of the inter-blocking situations / non cooperative behaviour

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- Evaluation of rules utility based on the reinforcement
  - Problem : always use the same rules  $\rightarrow$  to allow to test other rules
- Criticity of the agents : only the 2 heads of the systems are said criticals
  - $\bullet \rightarrow$  use an automatic detection of the agents criticity
- Roles :
  - Role complexity : specified and implemented by the programmers  $\rightarrow$ automatic detection of role complexity
  - Perspective : automatic detection of the inter-blocking situations / non cooperative behaviour
  - Implementation of the totality of our proposition

onclusion	

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Adam, Grislin & Mandiau (LAMIH, CNRS) Flexible hierarchical organisation of role based

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  - Develop an applicative framework for a "tangible table"
  - Assist workflow for a logistic managment problem (start soon)